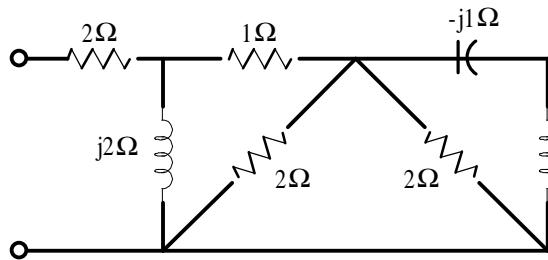


Problem 7.17

Find \mathbf{Z} for the network shown.

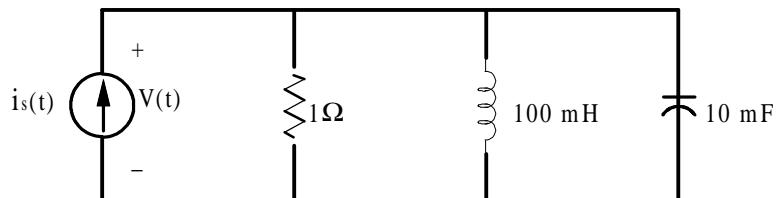


Suggested Solution

$$Z = 2 + 2j \parallel (1 + 1 \parallel j) = 2 + 2j \parallel (1.5 + 0.5j) = 2 + \frac{2j - 4}{-1 + 4j} = 2.83|16.92^\circ\Omega$$

Problem 7.21

Draw the frequency domain circuit and calculate $v(t)$ for the circuit shown if $I_s(t) = 20 \cos(377t + 120^\circ)$ A.



Suggested Solution

$$Z = j\omega L = j37.7\Omega$$

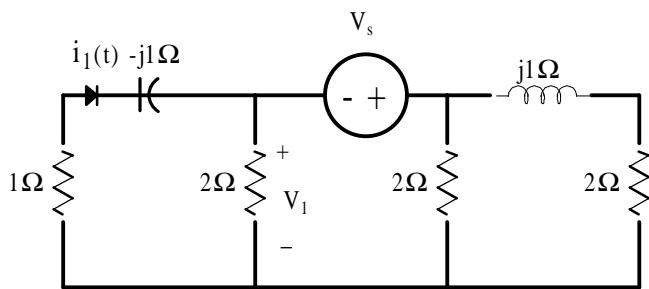
$$Z_c = \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j3.77} \Omega$$

$$V = I \left[\frac{1}{R + \frac{1}{Z_L} + \frac{1}{Z_c}} \right] = \frac{2|120^\circ}{1 - \frac{j}{37.7} + j3.77} = \frac{2|120^\circ}{1 + j3.74} = \frac{2|120^\circ}{3.84|75.03^\circ} = 0.52|44.91^\circ V$$

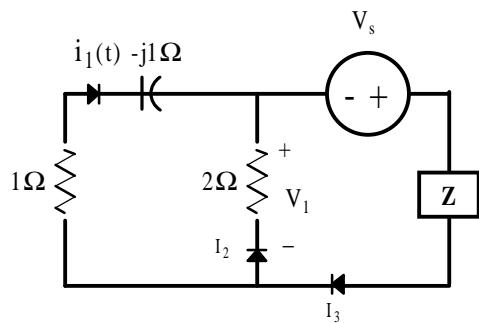
$$v(t) = 0.52 \cos(377t + 44.97^\circ) V$$

Problem 7.38

Find V_s in the network shown if $I_0 = 2\angle 0^\circ$ A.



Suggested Solution



$$Z = \frac{2(2+j)}{4+j}$$

$$V_1 = I_1(1-j) = 2-j2$$

$$I_2 = \frac{V_1}{2} = 1-j$$

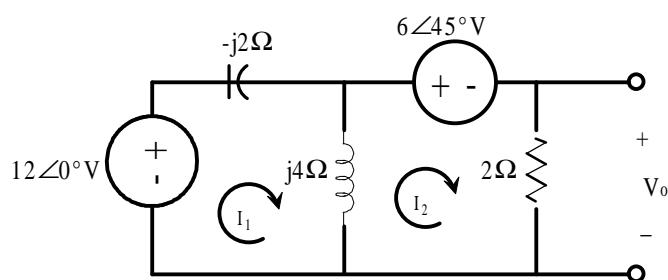
$$I_3 = I_1 + I_2 = 2+1-j = 3-j$$

$$V_2 = I_3 Z = (3-j) \left(\frac{4+2j}{4+j} \right) = \frac{14+j2}{4+j}$$

$$V_s = V_1 + V_2 = 2-2j + \frac{14+j2}{4+j} = 5.58[-14^\circ]V$$

Problem 7.51

Use mesh analysis to find V_0 in the circuit shown.



Suggested Solution

$$V_0 = 2I_2$$

mesh equations

$$12 = I_1(j2) + I_2(-j4)$$

$$-6|45^\circ = -j4I_1 + I_2(2 + j4)$$

matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} j2 & -j4 \\ -j4 & 2 + j4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 6| -135^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve for I_2

$$I_2 = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} j2 & 12 \\ -j4 & 6|135^\circ \end{bmatrix}}{\begin{bmatrix} j2 & -j4 \\ -j4 & 2 + j4 \end{bmatrix}} = \frac{12|-45^\circ + 48|90^\circ}{j4 - 8 + 16} = 4.52|51.3^\circ A$$

$$V_0 = 2I_2 = 9.04|51.3^\circ V$$