

Engin 103  
November 30, 2010

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Topics:

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## Section 1

<i>Team</i>	<i>Team leader</i>	<i>Assignment</i>
1		E
2		?
3		A
4		I
5		G
6		D
7		B
8		?
9		

## Section 2

<i>Team</i>	<i>Team leader</i>	<i>Assignment</i>
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2		F
3		C
4		J
5		A
6		D
7		I
8		G
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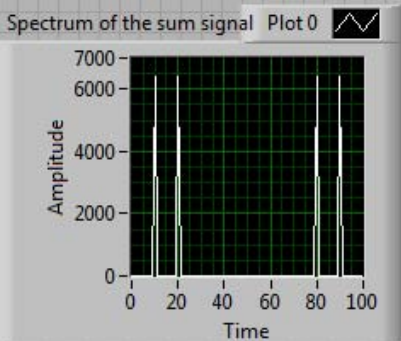
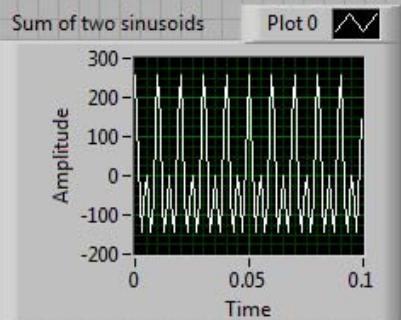
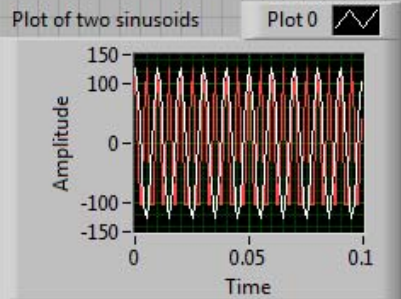
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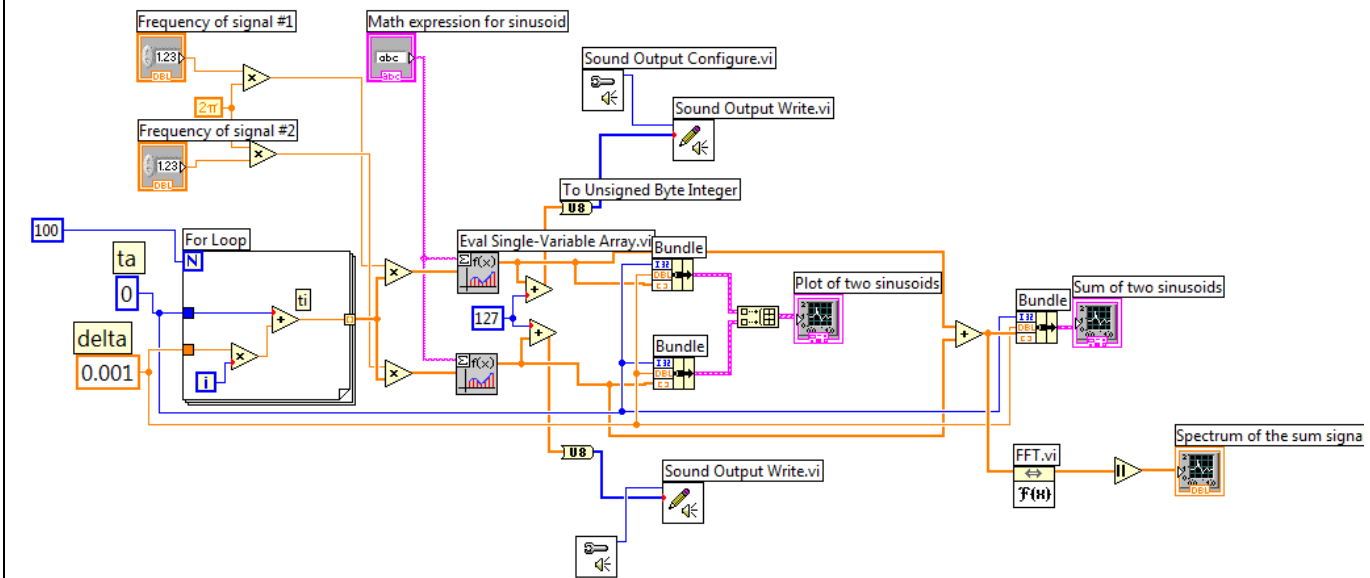
Date

Plotting two sinusoids of different frequencies,  
their sum, and its spectrum.

The spectrum of a signal is the information on  
its frequency components

Math expression for sinusoid    Frequency of signal #1    Frequency of signal #2  
       





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## Engineering 103 –UMass Boston CW 12 (In-Class-Work 12)

### Digital and Analog representations and conversions

Find in Chapter 4 of DCE (Horenstein) the answers to the following questions (15 min max.)

- 1.- State the relation between Assembly Code; Programming Language; and Compiler
- 2.- What is a digital signal? Do an A/D conversion for 2009 with the minimum number of bits, and a D/A conversion for 0101 1010 1101 0010
- 3.- Do a A/D conversion for 0.5 with 8 bits of information, being 1 the highest number, using no “binary dot” in the binary representation of eight bits; and a second version using a ‘binary dot’ between two groups of four bits, with the second groups using **negative** decreasing powers of 2 from left two right.

**By alphabetical order of the last names, the first two students in each team will submit Word file cw12\_XX\_a.doc, the next two students will submit Word file cw12\_XX\_b.doc, to the files folder in the server. These files need to be uploaded to the server today to receive credit.**

What is a digital signal? Computers work with digital signals; the electronics does 5V (on) and 0V (off). A digital signal is composed of 0's and 1's, like binary numbers.

Analog	Digital
0	0000

1	0001
2	0010
3	0011
8	1000
15	1111
16	0001 0000
255	1111 1111

### Analog to Digital conversion (A/D):

We want to write 2003 (an analog number) in digital (or binary) format:

$$127 = 1 \cdot 10^2 + 2 \cdot 10^1 + 7 \cdot 10^0 \text{ (using powers of 10; since we use decimal system)}$$

$$127 = 2^7 \quad 2^6 \quad 2^5 \quad 2^4 \quad 2^3 \quad 2^2 \quad 2^1 \quad 2^0$$

In binary system, numbers are just 0 or 1, starting from the left, let's insert either 1 or 0 in front of the powers of 2:

$$127 = 0 \cdot 2^7 + 1 \cdot 2^6 + 1 \cdot 2^5 + 1 \cdot 2^4 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0$$

$$127 \rightarrow 01111111$$

Now convert 2009 into digital format:

### Digital to Analog conversion (D/A):

$$1001 = 1 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^2 + 0 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0 = 9$$

$$1001 \rightarrow 9$$

Now convert 0101 1010 1101 0010 into analog format:

More on CW11:

2)

A/D conversion:

$2^{15}$	$2^{14}$	$2^{13}$	$2^{12}$	$2^{11}$	$2^{10}$	$2^9$	$2^8$	$2^7$	$2^6$	$2^5$	$2^4$	$2^3$	$2^2$	$2^1$	$2^0$
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

What is the highest binary number using 8 bits of information? Answer: 255

$2^7$	$2^6$	$2^5$	$2^4$	$2^3$	$2^2$	$2^1$	$2^0$
128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

D/A conversion: 0101 1010 1101 0010  $\rightarrow$  ?

3) Represent 0.5 in binary/digital:

a) First alternative:

Decimal system	Binary or Digital system
1	1111 1111 (255)
0.5	1000 0000 (128)

b) Second alternative: using a “binary dot”

$2.5 = 2 * 10^0 + 5 * 10^{-1}$  (to the right of the dot: negative powers of 10)

We can use this in binary or digital format as well: to the right of the “binary dot” use negative powers of 2:

				2	.	5			
Decima	$0*10^3$	$0*10^2$	$0*10^1$	$2*10^0$	.	$5*10^{-1}$	$0*10^{-2}$	$0*10^{-3}$	$0*10^{-4}$
Binary	$0*2^3$	$0*2^2$	$1*2^1$	$0*2^0$	.	$1*2^{-1}$	$0*2^{-2}$	$0*2^{-3}$	$0*2^{-4}$

2.5 -> 0010.1000

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### LOGBOOK: [example of a logbook page](#)

-Use a quadrille notebook; number all pages; date all entries

-Write your notes for all activities, thoughts, problems and solutions, and learning conclusions related to Engin 103. You should write down progress, outcomes, and conclusions on projects and teamwork; conclusions from class work (including LabVIEW) and homework.

-In addition you should answer in the logbook all questions listed in these notes in blue, as shown below:

45) How many peaks do you see in the spectrum (as produced by the FFT.vi and Abs) for a signal that is composed of two sinusoids of different frequencies? What happens to the spectrum if you leave the frequency of sinusoid #1 fixed while increasing the frequency of sinusoid #2. What would you see in the spectrum of a signal that is composed of 5 sinusoids of different frequencies?

46) In our LabVIEW exercise we used a sinusoid of amplitude 128; then we added 127 to the Y series before converting it to a digital signal using U8 (To Unsigned Byte Integer). Is there any connection between 128; 127; and the 8 in “U8”? Explain. Fill out the table below

# binary digits	Largest decimal number
4	15
8	

	12	
	16	
	32	
	64	

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